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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/078,710	02/21/2002	Motohisa Nishina	0033-0789P	6233
2292	7590 02/06/2003			
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			EXAMINER	
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			BETTENDORF, JUSTIN P	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2817	
			DATE MAILED 02/06/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Ab.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/078,710	NISHINA, MOTOHISA
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit
	Justin P. Bettendorf	2817
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cov r sh et v	with the correspond nce address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of th will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC a, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Th	nis action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 February 2002</u> is/ard	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ o	bjected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	<del>-</del> · ·	
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	•	••
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ol>	ts have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in	Application No
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	) <b>.</b>
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	·	
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	ovisional application has	been received.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicant's admitted prior art figures 10-13 and description thereof (hereinafter "AAPA figures 10-13") in view of Kanda et al. United States Patent No. 5,630,226.

The AAPA figure 10 shows a satellite broadcast receiving device comprising: a chassis 232; first and second printed circuit boards 234, 236; and respective local oscillation circuits 218, 212 located on the ground planes 246. Figure 11 shows the contact pin 262 that connects the two power supplies for the oscillation circuits and figure 13 shows all of the holes formed through the various boards and ground planes (with respect to claim 2). However, the AAPA figure 10 does not show part of the chassis as forming the ground planes.

The Kanda et al. reference discloses in figure 1 two circuit boards 37, 37a located on opposing ground planes of a part of the chassis 39 in a satellite receiver device thereby realizing a smaller structure (col. 4, lines 22-31).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have formed the first and second oscillation circuits with respective circuit boards on either side of a portion of the chassis serving as two ground planes in the device AAPA figure 10 as taught by Kanda et al. (i.e. substitution of the chassis partition ground plane

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in place of the ground planes 246) because such a modification would have advantageously reduced the size of the receiving device.

3. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA figures 10-13 in view of Kanda et al. as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Saitoh et al. United States Patent No. 4,353,132.

As noted above, the AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. device suggests a contact pin that is necessarily inserted through holes in the printed circuit boards and chassis partition ground planes but does not disclose that the contact pin has a head.

Saitoh et al. discloses in figure 6 a receiver device with contact pins 23, 24 having a head larger than the holes through which the shaft portion goes. The head, as would have been well known, allows the pin to be inserted only a certain amount before stopping.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have substituted the art-recognized equivalent contact pin with head of Saitoh et al. in place of the headless contact pin of AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. because such a substitution of art-recognized equivalent contact pins would have advantageously facilitated manufacturing.

4. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA figures 10-13 in view of Kanda et al. as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Nakamura United States Patent No. 5,584,064.

As noted above, the AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. device suggests two bias supplies but does not disclose the filter structure including L-shaped traps adjacent the contact pin.

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The Nakamura reference discloses in figure 1 a satellite receiver device including a DC bias supply G1, G2 with L-shaped traps shown near 3, 13 as well as stubs that are also shown that are well known to remove unwanted signals from the bias circuit.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have added L-shaped trap stubs as exemplified by Nakamura to the device of AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. because such a modification would have removed unwanted signals thereby suggesting the modification. With respect to "adjacent", the broadest, reasonable interpretation means "nearby" which includes everything on each of the circuit boards with respect to the contact pin.

5. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA figures 10-13 in view of Kanda et al. as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Nakamura United States Patent No. 6,472,958.

As noted above, the AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. device suggests two bias supplies but does not disclose the filter structure including an LC low pass filter that blocks frequencies at least above 1 GHz.

The Nakamura reference ('958) discloses in figure 2 a low pass filter for the bias supply of a LNB receiver device including a series inductor 12 and a shunted capacitor 14 that block frequencies above 1 GHz (see cols. 3, lines 56-60 and 4, lines 33-38) thereby improving the VSWR (col. 4, lines 55-59).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have added an LC low pass filter as taught by Nakamura to DC supply bias lines

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in the device of AAPA figures 10-13/Kanda et al. because such a modification would have advantageously improved the VSWR.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

a. Nightingale United States Patent No. 4,607,394 discloses filters on the DC bias

lines.

b. Kruppa et al. shows a pin with a head that facilitates manufacturing.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Justin P. Bettendorf whose telephone number is (703) 308-2780.

The examiner can normally be reached on 6:00-3:30 (M-F, 1st Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Robert J. Pascal can be reached on (703) 308-4909. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular

communications and (703) 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Primary Examiner

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jpb

February 3, 2003